

Transocean Ltd.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

Transocean Ltd. ("Company") believes that the cornerstone of good corporate governance is the quality of leadership of the Board of Directors ("Board") and the management of the Company. In furtherance of this belief, the Board has established the following Corporate Governance Guidelines.

I. Board Composition – How the Board is Selected and Compensated

A. Size of the Board

The Board believes that the Board should have the flexibility to vary in size and composition as business conditions dictate. In accordance with the Articles of Association, the Board is to consist of not less than two nor more than 11 directors. The Board currently believes that the Board should be no smaller than 8 members. The Board believes that there should be no more than two directors who are employees of the Company at any time and that at least a majority of the directors should meet the independence requirements of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE).

B. Term of the Board

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association and in accordance with applicable law, the shareholders elect each member of the Board for a term of office extending until completion of the next Annual General Meeting.

C. Selection and Qualification of Directors

The Governance, Safety & Environment Committee, in conjunction with management, should annually assess the needs of the Company and the Board so as to recommend the candidates who will further the goals of the Company. In particular, the Committee should assess what skills, knowledge, expertise, origin, race, nationality, age, gender and other backgrounds might be relevant to the Company's business and whether or not a candidate has the character traits and breadth of business knowledge which will make them an effective director. In addition, the Committee should consider how many other boards a candidate serves on in light of the increased responsibilities stemming from serving on this Board. No

member of the Board should simultaneously serve on the board of more than four other public companies while serving on the Board. The Governance, Safety & Environment Committee should recommend candidates to the Board no later than the February meeting of the Board.

D. Majority Election of Directors

In addition to the above qualifications, the Board shall nominate only those candidates for director who have submitted an irrevocable letter of resignation which would be effective upon and only in the event that (i) in an Uncontested Election (as defined below) such nominee fails to receive a sufficient number of votes (as defined below) for election or re-election at the next meeting of the shareholders of the Company at which the director's seat will be subject to election and (ii) the Board accepts this resignation following such failure. In order to receive a sufficient number of votes pursuant to this guideline, a director must receive in an Uncontested Election more votes cast for than against his or her election or re-election. The requirement for receiving a "sufficient number of votes" set forth above shall not apply to a Contested Election.

An Uncontested Election shall occur in an election of directors that does not constitute a Contested Election. A Contested Election shall occur in an election of directors when (i) the Secretary of the Company receives a notice that a shareholder has nominated a person for election to the Board in compliance with the advance notice requirements for shareholder nominees for director set forth in our Articles and (ii) such nomination has not been withdrawn by such shareholder on or prior to the day next preceding the date the Company first mails its notice of meeting for such meeting to the shareholders. The Board shall request a statement from any person nominated as a director by other than the Board as to whether that person will also submit an irrevocable letter of resignation upon the same terms as a person nominated by the Board.

If a nominee who has submitted a letter of resignation does not receive a sufficient number of votes in an Uncontested Election pursuant to these guidelines, the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee shall promptly consider the resignation letter of that nominee, and recommend to the Board whether to accept the tendered resignation or reject it. In considering whether to accept or reject the

tendered resignation, the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee will consider all factors deemed relevant by the Committee, which may include, without limitation, (i) the stated reasons why shareholders voted against such nominee, (ii) any length of service and qualifications of the nominee whose resignation has been tendered, (iii) any contributions by the nominee to the Company, (iv) whether the acceptance of the nominee's resignation would cause there to be no financial expert on the audit committee, (v) whether the acceptance of the nominee's resignation would cause the Board to have less than a majority of independent directors, (vi) whether the acceptance of the nominee's resignation would cause the Company to fail to satisfy stock exchange listing requirements; (vii) whether the acceptance of the nominee's resignation would result in a default or breach under any loan covenants or other agreement, (viii) whether the acceptance of the nominee's resignation would trigger a significant payment under an executive employment contract(s) or other contract(s) and (ix) whether the quorum present and voting in the Uncontested Election was significantly less than the quorum for prior elections. The Board will act on the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee's recommendation within 90 days following certification of the shareholder vote. In considering the Committee's recommendation, the Board will consider the factors considered by the Committee and such additional information and factors the Board believes to be relevant to its decision.

Thereafter, the Board will promptly disclose its decision regarding whether or not to accept the nominee's resignation letter in a Form 8-K furnished to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or other broadly disseminated means of communication.

The Board will recommend that any nominee whose resignation is under consideration abstain from participation in the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee recommendation or Board action regarding whether to accept the nominee's resignation.

E. Board Retirement

Each director must retire at the Annual General Meeting following his or her 75th birthday or after he or she has served on the Company's Board for 15 years, whichever occurs first.

F. Board Compensation

The Compensation Committee should periodically review the compensation and compensation methods being utilized by similar companies and recommend any changes to the Board. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and applicable law, the Board seeks binding shareholder ratification of the maximum aggregate compensation of the Board for the period between two consecutive Annual General Meetings. The Board believes that any compensation method should be weighted more toward compensation in the form of equity in order to more closely align director compensation with the shareholders' interests. In that connection, the Board believes that directors should have an equity interest in the Company. In particular, directors should acquire and hold an equity interest in the Company that has a value of at least five times the applicable director's annual cash retainer. Newly-elected directors have a ramp up period of five years to acquire the requisite equity interest, commencing from the date of the first equity grant in such director's initial term. After acquiring such an interest, a director should be free to dispose of his or her equity interest in the Company in excess of such level in a manner consistent with all applicable legal requirements and the terms and conditions of the equity interest. For purposes of calculating the value of a director's equity interest in the Company, the interest held by the director should be valued at the greater of the closing price of our ordinary shares on the date of grant of the underlying security or (b) the average share price on the first trading day of December of the prior calendar year (the "Measurement Date"). Fluctuations in the share price during the calendar year after the Measurement Date should not have any impact on whether a director may dispose of an equity interest during that calendar year.

The Board believes that no additional compensation shall be paid to directors who are either employees or those with whom the Company has a consulting arrangement. In addition, the Board believes that any additional compensation to a director by the Company other than that set forth above (including by means of charitable contributions to organizations with which a director is affiliated, or by entering into consulting contracts with or providing other indirect forms of compensation to a director or an organization with which the director is affiliated) may affect the independence of a director and should be critically evaluated and

specifically approved by the Board and, to the extent so required pursuant to the Articles and applicable law, the shareholders.

G. Change in Job Responsibility

Individual directors who retire or change their job responsibility (including for example leaving or joining another board) should promptly inform the Chairperson of the Board, the Chairperson of the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee and the Corporate Secretary of the change. If one of the chairpersons believes that the issue requires further discussion, he or she will refer the matter to the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee. The Governance, Safety & Environment Committee will then consider whether or not the change creates an issue for the Board and, if so, will request that the affected director submit their voluntary resignation from the Board for further consideration by the Board. While the Board believes that such directors should not necessarily leave the Board, the Board should have the opportunity to review the continued participation of such a director.

H. Conflicts of Interest

A director's personal interests may occasionally give rise to that director's material personal interest in a particular Company issue. It is the policy of this Board to avoid even the appearance of a conflict of interest. In the event that a director believes that they have a potential conflict, they should immediately advise the Board so that the Board can determine whether a conflict exists. In any event, such affected director shall not participate in any vote or discussion of such issue.

II. How the Board Functions

I. Board Meetings

Currently, the Board has four regular meetings to handle recurring business and schedules special meetings as appropriate. The Chairperson is to preside and, in conjunction with the Corporate Secretary and the CEO, set the agenda for all meetings of the Board.

J. Meetings of Outside Directors

The Board believes that the non-management directors as defined by the NYSE bring a special perspective to the Board and that they should have as an agenda item at

each Board meeting to meet as a group. The director who presides at these meetings will be a director meeting the NYSE independence standards and will be chosen by the non-management directors. If the non-management directors include directors who are not independent pursuant to the NYSE standards, then the independent directors shall meet in executive session at least once per year.

K. Board Agenda Items

The Chairperson, in conjunction with the Corporate Secretary and the CEO, should be the focal point and have the responsibility for setting the agenda of any Board meeting. Individual directors are encouraged to contact the Chairperson or CEO with respect to any proposed agenda items which the director believes should be on the agenda. Approximately one week prior to any regular Board meeting, the Chairperson should provide written materials with respect to the items to be covered at the meeting. Information concerning matters of strategic or unusual importance shall be submitted to the Board further in advance of the meeting whenever possible.

L. Director Responsibilities

All directors should be diligent to stay informed with respect to the Company's business and should make every reasonable effort to attend all meetings of the Board and any committee on which such director is a member. All directors should come prepared to contribute substantively at each meeting by reviewing all materials in advance of such meeting.

M. Board Chairperson

The Governance, Safety & Environment Committee should recommend to the Board the director candidate for election by the shareholders as Chairperson of the Board no later than the February meeting of the Board.

N. Board Committees

The Board believes that it is more efficient and productive to conduct business utilizing a committee structure. The Board presently has four permanent committees – (i) the Audit Committee, (ii) the Compensation Committee, (iii) the Finance Committee and (iv) the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee. The Governance, Safety & Environment Committee should annually review the Board's committees to determine whether or not the tasks and/or duties assigned to these

committees are appropriate in the current business environment. The Board retains the flexibility to create additional committees as the need arises. At each regular meeting of the Board, each Committee Chairperson will report to the Board on the business conducted by his or her Committee. Each Committee shall take minutes of their meetings as required by the Company's Organizational Regulations, a copy of which shall be distributed to each director.

O. Committee Members

The Chairperson of the Board, in conjunction with the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee, should annually review and propose to the Board Committee assignments and chairpersonships. With respect to the proposed members of the Compensation Committee, such proposal shall be subject to the election of such members by the shareholders.

While the Board desires to maintain a degree of continuity, members of the various committees should expect to rotate to new responsibilities from time to time, and the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee will seek to rotate the chairpersonships of the committees on a regular basis. The Board does not believe that it is appropriate for directors who are employees of the Company to be members of the Board's committees, but believes that it is appropriate for such members of management to be present at committee meetings.

P. Committee Agenda

The Chairperson of the Board and the Committee Chairpersons should set the agenda for Committee meetings. Materials for the regular meetings should be distributed to applicable members at least one week in advance of the meetings. Board members are encouraged to suggest items for inclusion on the agenda.

Q. Committee Meeting Frequency and Length

The Chairperson of each Committee shall coordinate with the Chairperson of the Board to ensure that the frequency and length of his or her Committee meeting is sufficient to attend to the responsibilities and business of the Committee.

R. Director Orientation and Continuing Education

The Board believes that any new directors on the Board should receive an orientation program acquainting them with their responsibilities, the Board's policies and the Company's business strategies. The Board further believes that continuing education is important and encourages directors to attend continuing education classes. The Company will reimburse expenses incurred by any director in connection with such director's attendance at any continuing education class that is pre-approved by the Chairperson of the Board.

S. Annual Self-Evaluation

The Board believes that an annual evaluation of the Board and its functions and its Committees shall be conducted. This evaluation shall include items such as the effectiveness of the Board and its Committees, their structure and composition, and a review of the responsibilities of the Committees and the frequency of Board and Committee meetings.

III. How the Board Oversees and Interacts with Management

T. Selection of Chairperson of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

The functions of the Chairperson of the Board are distinct from those of the CEO. While the Board believes that both functions can be effectively performed by one individual, the Board is currently satisfied with the vesting of the Chairperson of the Board and CEO authorities in different individuals.

U. Evaluation of the Chief Executive Officer

All independent directors should participate in an annual review of the CEO's performance. The Chairperson of the Compensation Committee should preside over the evaluation and communicate the evaluation, together with the Chairperson of the Board, to the CEO. The evaluation shall be utilized by the Compensation Committee when considering the compensation of the CEO.

V. Succession Planning

The Board believes that there should be a succession plan within the Company for all key positions and that there be a plan for helping middle level management advance to positions of higher responsibility. To that end, the CEO should at least

annually report to the Board concerning management development and succession planning for all key positions within the Company.

W. Attendance at Board & Committee Meetings

The Board encourages the CEO to invite senior management to attend all Board meetings. In addition, the Board encourages the CEO to invite other managers and outside experts in the situation where such persons can aid the Board in its deliberations.

X. Access to Management and Independent Advisors

The Board believes that it is vital that directors have unlimited access to management. Accordingly, the CEO is directed to make management available to the Board with respect to any questions about Company issues. In addition, the Board recognizes that it has the opportunity to engage independent advisors as it deems necessary and appropriate.

IV. Interpretation of Guidelines

These guidelines provide a framework for governance of the Company and the Board. The Board recognizes, however, that situations may dictate exceptions from time to time to these guidelines in order to respond to business changes and the needs of the shareholders. In addition, these guidelines may need to be revised and updated from time to time. Accordingly, the foregoing guidelines are not intended to constitute rules or have the effect of binding the Board in the future.

V. Review of Guidelines

These Guidelines will be reviewed annually by the Governance, Safety & Environment Committee, and recommendations arising therefrom shall be reported to the Board.

These Guidelines were adopted by the Board of Directors of Transocean Ltd. on December 9, 2008, and last amended on February 6, 2025.